



## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### Floorwise F592 Contact Spray Aerosol

According to the REACH etc. (Amendment etc.) (EU Exit) Regulations 2020 No. 1577, as amended.

#### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

##### 1.1. Product identifier

**Product name** Floorwise F592 Contact Spray Aerosol

**Container size** 500ml

**EU REACH registration notes** All chemicals used in this product have been registered under REACH where required.

##### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** Adhesive. Use only as directed.

**Uses advised against** Flexible PVC due to the risk of plasticiser migration.

##### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Floorwise Group Ltd  
 Floorwise House  
 22 High Street  
 Kegworth  
 Derby  
 DE74 2DA  
 Tel: 01509 673 974  
 Fax: 01509 674 841

##### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency telephone** Floorwise: +44 (0) 1509 673 974 (Mon-Fri 09:00-17:00)

#### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

##### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

###### Classification (SI 2019 No. 720)

**Physical hazards** Aerosol 1 - H222, H229

**Health hazards** Skin Irrit. 2 - H315 Eye Irrit. 2 - H319 Carc. 2 - H351 STOT SE 3 - H336

**Environmental hazards** Not Classified

##### 2.2. Label elements

###### Hazard pictograms



**Signal word**

Danger

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<b>Hazard statements</b>	H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H351 Suspected of causing cancer. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. P251 Do not pierce or burn, even after use. P280 Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing/ eye protection/ face protection. P261 Avoid breathing vapour/ spray. P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. P410+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. P501 Dispose of contents/ container in accordance with national regulations.
<b>Supplemental label information</b>	Please refer to Safety Data Sheet.
<b>Contains</b>	DICHLOROMETHANE
<b>Supplementary precautionary statements</b>	P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. P264 Wash contaminated skin thoroughly after handling. P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/ attention. P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2. Mixtures

<b>DICHLOROMETHANE</b>	<b>30-60%</b>
CAS number: 75-09-2	EC number: 200-838-9
<b>Classification</b>	
Skin Irrit. 2 - H315	
Eye Irrit. 2 - H319	
Carc. 2 - H351	
STOT SE 3 - H336	
<b>PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (&lt;0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)</b>	<b>30-60%</b>
CAS number: 68476-85-7	EC number: 270-704-2
<b>Classification</b>	
Flam. Gas 1A - H220	
Press. Gas (Liq.) - H280	

The full text for all hazard statements is displayed in Section 16.

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**Composition comments** Liquefied petroleum gases (CAS: 68476-85-7) contains less than 0.1% w/w 1,3-butadiene, meaning that the full harmonised classification regarding Muta. 1B H340 and Carc. 1A H350 does not apply.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

**General information** Move affected person to fresh air at once.

**Inhalation** Move affected person to fresh air at once. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Keep affected person warm and at rest. Get medical attention immediately.

**Ingestion** Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do not induce vomiting.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Use hand wash which is specific to the removal of adhesive. Do not use solvents to clean skin.

**Eye contact** Remove any contact lenses and open eyelids wide apart. Continue to rinse for at least 15 minutes and get medical attention. If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

**Protection of first aiders** No specific requirements are anticipated under normal conditions of use.

#### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**General information** Prolonged and repeated contact with solvents over a long period may lead to permanent health problems.

**Inhalation** Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.

**Ingestion** Ingestion may cause severe irritation of the mouth, the oesophagus and the gastrointestinal tract.

**Skin contact** Prolonged contact may cause redness, irritation and dry skin. Contains components which may penetrate the skin. Product has a defatting effect on skin.

**Eye contact** Irritation of eyes and mucous membranes.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Specific treatments** If adhesive bonding occurs, do not force eyelids apart.

### SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

**Suitable extinguishing media** Water spray, fog or mist. Carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Alcohol-resistant foam.

**Unsuitable extinguishing media** Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

**Specific hazards** Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Forms explosive mixtures with air. May explode when heated or when exposed to flames or sparks. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread near ground and travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back.

**Hazardous combustion products** Thermal decomposition or combustion products may include the following substances: Oxides of carbon. Toxic gases or vapours. Phosgene (COCl<sub>2</sub>). Hydrogen chloride (HCl).

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

**Protective actions during firefighting** Use water to keep fire exposed containers cool and disperse vapours. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse vapours and protect men stopping the leak.

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**Special protective equipment for firefighters** Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and appropriate protective clothing.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Personal precautions** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Avoid inhalation of vapours and contact with skin and eyes. If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. If aerosol cans are ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurised contents and propellant. When sprayed on a naked flame or any incandescent material the aerosol vapours can be ignited. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

**For non-emergency personnel** For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**For emergency responders** For the greatest protection, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

**Environmental precautions** Contain the spillage using bunding. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Methods for cleaning up** Eliminate all sources of ignition. No smoking, sparks, flames or other sources of ignition near spillage. Provide adequate ventilation. Contain spillage with sand, earth or other suitable non-combustible material. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Collect spillage for reclamation or disposal in sealed containers via a licensed waste contractor. Avoid water contacting spilled material or leaking containers. Approach the spillage from upwind. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

**Reference to other sections** Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. For waste disposal, see Section 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

**Usage precautions** Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Read and follow manufacturer's recommendations. Do not use in confined spaces without adequate ventilation and/or respirator. Wear protective clothing as described in Section 8 of this safety data sheet. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Wash after use and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. Do not smoke in work area. Clean equipment and the work area every day.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

**Storage precautions** Under normal conditions of handling and storage, spillages from aerosol containers are unlikely. Store in tightly-closed, original container in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not use containers made of the following materials: Aluminium. Store at temperatures not exceeding 50°C.

**Storage class** Extremely Flammable Aerosol

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

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**Specific end use(s)** The identified uses for this product are detailed in Section 1.2.

### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/Personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

##### Occupational exposure limits

##### DICHLOROMETHANE

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 100 ppm 350 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 300 ppm 1060 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Sk

##### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

Long-term exposure limit (8-hour TWA): WEL 1000 ppm 1750 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

Short-term exposure limit (15-minute): WEL 1250 ppm 2180 mg/m<sup>3</sup>

WEL = Workplace Exposure Limit.

Sk = Can be absorbed through the skin.

#### DICHLOROMETHANE (CAS: 75-09-2)

<b>Biological limit values</b>	BGV: 30 ppm (GB)
<b>DNEL</b>	<p>Consumer - Oral; Long term systemic effects: 0.06 mg/kg/day</p> <p>Workers - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 12 mg/kg/day</p> <p>Consumer - Dermal; Long term systemic effects: 5.82 mg/kg/day</p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 706 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p>Workers - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 353 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p>Consumer - Inhalation; Short term systemic effects: 353 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p>Consumer - Inhalation; Long term systemic effects: 88.3 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p>
<b>PNEC</b>	<p>- Fresh water; 0.31 mg/l</p> <p>- marine water; 0.031 mg/l</p> <p>- Intermittent release; 0.27 mg/l</p> <p>- Sediment (Freshwater); 2.57 mg/kg</p> <p>- Sediment (Marinewater); 0.26 mg/l</p> <p>- Soil; 0.33 mg/kg</p> <p>- STP; 26 mg/l</p>

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

##### Protective equipment



##### Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Ensure that the direction of airflow is clearly away from the worker. Use approved respirator if air contamination is above an acceptable level. Observe any occupational exposure limits for the product or ingredients. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating and lighting equipment. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure.

##### Personal protection

Wear protective clothing.

##### Eye/face protection

Wear chemical splash goggles. Personal protective equipment that provides appropriate eye and face protection should be worn.

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<b>Hand protection</b>	Viton rubber (fluoro rubber). The selected gloves should have a breakthrough time of at least 2 hours. Minimum thickness: 0.7mm. To protect hands from chemicals, wear gloves that are proven to be impervious to the chemical and resist degradation. The most suitable glove should be chosen in consultation with the glove supplier/manufacturer, who can provide information about the breakthrough time of the glove material. Considering the data specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are retaining their protective properties and change them as soon as any deterioration is detected. The breakthrough time for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. When used with mixtures, the protection time of gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
<b>Other skin and body protection</b>	Provide eyewash station. Avoid contact with skin. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.
<b>Hygiene measures</b>	Promptly remove any clothing that becomes contaminated. Wash promptly if skin becomes contaminated. Use appropriate hand lotion to prevent defatting and cracking of skin. Wash at the end of each work shift and before eating, smoking and using the toilet. When using do not eat, drink or smoke.
<b>Respiratory protection</b>	If ventilation is inadequate, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. In confined or poorly-ventilated spaces, a supplied-air respirator must be worn. Respiratory protection complying with an approved standard should be worn if a risk assessment indicates inhalation of contaminants is possible. Short term Gas filter, type AX.
<b>Thermal hazards</b>	Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.
<b>Environmental exposure controls</b>	Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

<b>Appearance</b>	Aerosol.
<b>Colour</b>	Amber.
<b>Odour</b>	Chlorinated hydrocarbons.
<b>Odour threshold</b>	Not available.
<b>pH</b>	Liquid base: pH (concentrated solution): 7
<b>Melting point</b>	Not available.
<b>Initial boiling point and range</b>	Liquefied petroleum gases: -40 to -2°C Dichloromethane: 40°C
<b>Flash point</b>	No information required. A flash point method is not available but the major hazardous component, the liquefied petroleum gases, has a flash point of <-60°C with flammability limits of 10.9% vol. upper and 1.4% vol. lower.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	Not available.
<b>Evaporation factor</b>	Not available.
<b>Flammability (solid, gas)</b>	Not available.
<b>Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits</b>	Not available.
<b>Other flammability</b>	Not available.

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<b>Vapour pressure</b>	4 - 6 bar @ 20°C
<b>Vapour density</b>	Not available.
<b>Relative density</b>	Liquid base: ~ 1.2 @ 20°C
<b>Bulk density</b>	Not applicable.
<b>Solubility(ies)</b>	Insoluble in water.
<b>Partition coefficient</b>	Not available.
<b>Auto-ignition temperature</b>	Liquefied petroleum gases: 365°C
<b>Decomposition Temperature</b>	Not available.
<b>Viscosity</b>	420 - 670 mm <sup>2</sup> /s @ 20°C
<b>Explosive properties</b>	In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.
<b>Explosive under the influence of a flame</b>	Yes
<b>Oxidising properties</b>	Does not meet the criteria for classification as oxidising.

### 9.2. Other information

<b>Particle size</b>	No information required.
<b>Volatile organic compound</b>	680g/l

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

### 10.1. Reactivity

<b>Reactivity</b>	There are no known reactivity hazards associated with this product.
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### 10.2. Chemical stability

<b>Stability</b>	Highly volatile.
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### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	Will not polymerise. In use may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Under normal conditions of storage and use, no hazardous reactions will occur.
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### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	Avoid heat, flames and other sources of ignition. Containers can burst violently or explode when heated, due to excessive pressure build-up. Avoid the accumulation of vapours in low or confined areas.
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### 10.5. Incompatible materials

<b>Materials to avoid</b>	Aluminium. Strong oxidising agents. Strong acids. Water, moisture.
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### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	Toxic gases/vapours/fumes of: Hydrogen chloride (HCl). Phosgene (COCl <sub>2</sub> ). Carbon monoxide (CO).
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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity - oral

<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
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#### Acute toxicity - dermal

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<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b><u>Respiratory sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Skin sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.
<b>Target organs</b>	Central nervous system
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Inhalation

### Toxicological information on ingredients.

#### DICHLOROMETHANE

##### Acute toxicity - oral

**Summary** May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system, Liver, Bone marrow, Blood) if swallowed.

**Acute toxicity oral (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.0

**Species** Rat

##### Acute toxicity - dermal

**Acute toxicity dermal (LD<sub>50</sub> mg/kg)** 2,000.0

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<b>Species</b>	Rat
<b><u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u></b>	
<b>Summary</b>	Dichloromethane is converted to carbon monoxide in the body, which reduces the oxygen carrying capacity of the blood.
<b>Acute toxicity inhalation (LC<sub>50</sub> vapours mg/l)</b>	86.0
<b>Species</b>	Mouse
<b>ATE inhalation (vapours mg/l)</b>	86.0
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Causes skin irritation.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Causes serious eye irritation.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Suspected of causing cancer.
<b>IARC carcinogenicity</b>	IARC Group 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
<b>Target organs</b>	Central nervous system
<b><u>Inhalation</u></b>	
<b>Inhalation</b>	Overexposure may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication. May cause damage to mucous membranes in nose, throat, lungs and bronchial system.

### **PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)**

<b>Toxicological effects</b>	Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.
<b><u>Acute toxicity - oral</u></b>	
<b>Notes (oral LD<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Not applicable.
<b><u>Acute toxicity - dermal</u></b>	
<b>Notes (dermal LD<sub>50</sub>)</b>	Not applicable.
<b><u>Acute toxicity - inhalation</u></b>	
<b>Notes (inhalation LC<sub>50</sub>)</b>	LC <sub>50</sub> >20 mg/l, Inhalation, Rat
<b><u>Skin corrosion/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Skin corrosion/irritation</b>	Not irritating.
<b><u>Serious eye damage/irritation</u></b>	
<b>Serious eye damage/irritation</b>	Not irritating.
<b><u>Respiratory sensitisation</u></b>	

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<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Not sensitising.
<b><u>Skin sensitisation</u></b>	
<b>Skin sensitisation</b>	Not sensitising.
<b><u>Germ cell mutagenicity</u></b>	
<b>Genotoxicity - in vitro</b>	This substance has no evidence of mutagenic properties.
<b><u>Carcinogenicity</u></b>	
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	Carcinogenicity in humans is not expected.
<b><u>Reproductive toxicity</u></b>	
<b>Reproductive toxicity - fertility</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Reproductive toxicity - development</b>	Does not contain any substances known to be toxic to reproduction.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - single exposure</b>	A single exposure may cause the following adverse effects: Overexposure to organic solvents may depress the central nervous system, causing dizziness and intoxication and, at very high concentrations, unconsciousness and death.
<b><u>Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure</u></b>	
<b>STOT - repeated exposure</b>	Not classified as a specific target organ toxicant after repeated exposure.
<b><u>Aspiration hazard</u></b>	
<b>Aspiration hazard</b>	Based on available data the classification criteria are not met.
<b>Inhalation</b>	May cause respiratory system irritation.
<b>Skin contact</b>	Spray will evaporate and cool rapidly and may cause frostbite or cold burns if in contact with skin.
<b>Route of exposure</b>	Inhalation Skin and/or eye contact

### SECTION 12: Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

#### DICHLOROMETHANE

**Ecotoxicity** The product components are not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, large or frequent spills may have hazardous effects on the environment.

#### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

**Ecotoxicity** Information given is based on data of the components and of similar products.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

**Toxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. Not considered toxic to fish.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

## Floorwise F592 Contact Spray Aerosol

### DICHLOROMETHANE

**Toxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment Not considered toxic to fish.

#### Acute aquatic toxicity

**Acute toxicity - fish** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 193 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)  
NOEC, 28 days: 83 mg/l, Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow)

**Acute toxicity - aquatic invertebrates** LC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: 244 mg/l, Daphnia magna  
LC<sub>50</sub>, 48 hours: 27 mg/l, Daphnia magna

**Acute toxicity - aquatic plants** EC<sub>50</sub>, 96 hours: >662 mg/l, Selenastrum capricornutum

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

**Toxicity** Not regarded as dangerous for the environment. The product is not believed to present a hazard due to its physical nature. Highly volatile.

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**Persistence and degradability** There are no data on the degradability of this product.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DICHLOROMETHANE

**Persistence and degradability** The substance is readily biodegradable.

**Biodegradation** Air - Degradation 68%: 28 days

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

**Persistence and degradability** The product is readily biodegradable.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulative potential** Dichloromethane: Dichloromethane has low bioaccumulative potential

**Partition coefficient** Not available.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DICHLOROMETHANE

**Bioaccumulative potential** BCF: 2 - 40, Fish

**Partition coefficient** log Pow: 1.25

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

**Bioaccumulative potential** Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

#### 12.4. Mobility in soil

**Mobility** Volatile.

#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DICHLOROMETHANE

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<b>Mobility</b>	Volatile.
<b>Adsorption/desorption coefficient</b>	Soil Koc: ~46.8

### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

<b>Mobility</b>	The product contains volatile organic compounds (VOCs) which will evaporate easily from all surfaces.
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#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	Not determined.
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#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DICHLOROMETHANE

<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	This substance is not classified as PBT or vPvB according to current UK criteria.
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### PETROLEUM GASES, LIQUEFIED; PETROLEUM GAS (<0.1% 1,3 BUTADIENE)

<b>Results of PBT and vPvB assessment</b>	This product does not contain any substances classified as PBT or vPvB.
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#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

<b>Other adverse effects</b>	None known.
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#### Ecological information on ingredients.

### DICHLOROMETHANE

<b>Other adverse effects</b>	None known.
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## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

<b>General information</b>	Ensure containers are empty before discarding (explosion risk). Must not be disposed of together with household waste.
<b>Disposal methods</b>	Do not puncture or incinerate, even when empty. Avoid the spillage or runoff entering drains, sewers or watercourses. Dispose of waste to licensed waste disposal site in accordance with the requirements of the local Waste Disposal Authority. Residues and empty containers should be taken care of as hazardous waste according to local and national provisions.
<b>Waste class</b>	Full or Partially Empty Aerosol: 16 05 04, Empty Aerosol: 15 01 10 (Containing hazardous residues), Empty Aerosol: 15 01 04 (No hazardous residues).

## SECTION 14: Transport information

### 14.1. UN number

<b>UN No. (ADR/RID)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (IMDG)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (ICAO)</b>	1950
<b>UN No. (ADN)</b>	1950

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### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Proper shipping name (ADR/RID) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (IMDG) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ICAO) AEROSOLS

Proper shipping name (ADN) AEROSOLS

### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR/RID class 2.1

ADR/RID classification code 5F

ADR/RID label 2.1

IMDG class 2.1

ICAO class/division 2.1

ADN class 2.1

Transport labels



### 14.4. Packing group

Not available.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Environmentally hazardous substance/marine pollutant

No.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

IMDG Code segregation group SG69, SW1, SW22

EmS F-D, S-U

ADR transport category 2

Tunnel restriction code (D)

### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not applicable.

Not applicable.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**National regulations** The Aerosol Dispensers Regulations 2009 (SI 2009 No. 2824).  
Control of Substances Hazardous to Health Regulations 2002 (as amended).

**Guidance** Workplace Exposure Limits EH40.

**Authorisations (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XIV)** No specific authorisations are known for this product.

## Floorwise F592 Contact Spray Aerosol

**Restrictions (SI 2020 No. 1577 Annex XVII)** No specific restrictions on use are known for this product.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

### SECTION 16: Other information

<b>Classification procedures according to SI 2019 No. 720</b>	Aerosol 1 - H222, H229: Weight of evidence. Carc. 2 - H351: Calculation method. Eye Irrit. 2 - H319: Calculation method. Skin Irrit. 2 - H315: Calculation method. STOT SE 3 - H336: Calculation method.
<b>Issued by</b>	Technical Department
<b>Revision date</b>	08/02/2021
<b>Revision</b>	8.1
<b>Supersedes date</b>	05/01/2016
<b>SDS number</b>	11732
<b>Hazard statements in full</b>	H220 Extremely flammable gas. H222 Extremely flammable aerosol. H229 Pressurised container: may burst if heated. H280 Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. H315 Causes skin irritation. H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

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